

RYECROFT C. E. MIDDLE SCHOOL POLICY STATEMENT

MENTAL HEALTH AND EMOTIONAL WELLBEING

Part of the Uttoxeter Learning Trust



The Vision of the Staff, Pupils and Governors of Ryecroft C.E. Middle School

Embracing a culture where no child is left behind, we value and respect all the children that God has put in our care.

We enrich the lives of our children and ensure that Ryecroft is a safe, happy and inspiring place, embodying the Christian values of trust, humility and perseverance.

Version control					
Version Number	Date issued	Author	Update information		
V1.0	14.11.2019	S Bardon	First published version		
V1.1	25.01.2022	S Bardon	Updated staff and some procedures		

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022 Review Date: Spring 2024

V1.1

Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing Policy

Rvecroft C.E. Middle School

Policy Statement

At Ryecroft C.E. Middle it is our vision that all children are entitled to develop to their fullest potential academically, socially, emotionally and into healthy well beings, enabling each child to grow in confidence and be able to fully participate in everything that goes on in the wider community with confidence. It is widely recognised that a child's emotional health and wellbeing influences their cognitive development and learning, as well as their physical and social health and their mental wellbeing in adulthood. The department for Education recognises that, in order to help their pupils succeed: schools have a role to play in supporting them to be resilient and mentally healthy.

"Mental health is a state of well-being in which every individual realises his or her own potential, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to her or his community." (World Health Organization 2014)

At our school, we aim to promote positive mental health for every child, parent / carer and staff. We pursue this aim using both universal, whole school approaches and specialised, targeted approaches aimed at identified vulnerable pupils and families.

In addition to promoting positive mental health, we aim to recognise and respond to mental ill health. In an average classroom, three children may be suffering from a diagnosable mental health issue. We recognise as a school that by developing and implementing practical, relevant and effective mental health procedures we can promote a safe and stable environment for children affected both directly, and indirectly by mental ill health. See **Appendix 1** for information and additional support about mental health illnesses.

School staff cannot act as mental health experts and should not try to diagnose conditions. However, they should ensure they have clear systems and processes in place for identifying possible mental health problems, including routes to escalate and clear referral and accountability systems.

This policy describes the school's approach to promoting positive mental health and wellbeing and is intended as guidance for all staff including non-teaching staff and governors. It should be read in conjunction with our medical policy in cases where a student's mental health overlaps with or is linked to a medical issue, the SEND policy where a student has an identified special educational need and the safeguarding policy in relation to prompt action and wider concerns of vulnerability.

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022

Ethos

Ryecroft C.E. Middle School aims to support and teach skills to pupils and staff to increase their awareness of emotional health and wellbeing.

Two key elements to support good mental wellbeing are:

- Feeling Good experiencing positive emotions like happiness, contentment and enjoyment.
 Including feelings like curiosity, engagement and safety.
- Functioning Well how a person is able to function in the world, this includes positive relationships and social connections, as well as feeling in control of your life and having a sense of purpose.

To promote first aid for mental health and wellbeing Ryecroft C.E. Middle School aims to:

- To develop a whole school approach for both pupils and staff.
- To work together with families.
- To provide a holistic and multi- agency approach that is identified in the children's individual one page profile plans.

The following diagram presents eight principles to promote emotional health and wellbeing in schools and colleges.

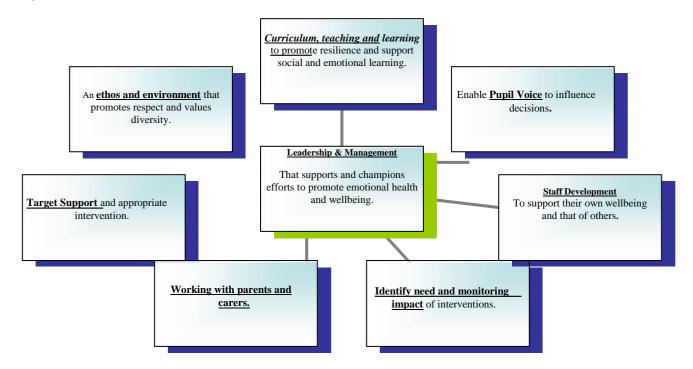


Figure 1. Eight principles to promoting a whole school and college approach to emotional health and wellbeing.

The eight identified principles will underpin the approaches used to support the development and integration of wellbeing strategies within Ryecroft. The policy and curriculum delivery will be tailored to promote the key aspects of supporting mental health illness and wellbeing. It will focus on creating a socially, emotionally and physical rich environment where key relationships can thrive and children can feel secure in their learning. School based programmes which are linked to the curriculum will promote pupil voice through developing independence and decision making. Staff will have access to training and signposting to approaches and resources that will support their own emotional health and wellbeing with an aim to foster team work and create solidarity. Clear identification, impact and outcomes measures will feed into school based programmes and the target interventions that will be offered to pupil. All staff have a responsibility to promote the mental health and emotional wellbeing of pupils. Staff with a specific, relevant responsibility includes:

- Mr M. Hall Designated Safeguarding Lead
- Mrs C. Hurdman Wellbeing Lead / Assistant SENDCo /Mental Health First Aider
- Miss N. Starkey Lead Teacher of PSHCE

Pupil Identification

Wellbeing measure include staff observations focusing on any changes in behaviour, attention and presentation will feed into the identification process as well as any communication from the pupils regarding their emotions and feelings. Any member of staff who is concerned about the mental health or wellbeing of a child should speak to the SENDCO in the first instance. If there is a fear that the child is in danger of immediate harm then the normal safeguarding procedures should be followed with an immediate referral to the safeguarding lead or the head teacher. If the child presents a medical emergency then the normal procedures for medical emergencies should be followed, including alerting the first aid staff and contacting the emergency services if necessary.

Where a referral to CAMHS is appropriate, this will be led and managed by Mr Bardon or Mrs Hurdman.

Individual Health Care Plans will identify an individual support for pupils causing concern or who receive a diagnosis pertaining to their mental health. This should be drawn up involving the pupil, the parents and relevant health professionals. The plan will include:

- Details of a pupil's condition
- · Special requirements and precautions
- · Medication and any side effects
- What to do, and who to contact in an emergency
- The role the school can play in relation to staff development and implementing support linked to policy and practice.

Pupil Wellbeing Interventions

	<u>Approaches</u>	<u>Intervention</u>	
Whole School approach	Curriculum policy re-write focus on wider curriculum	Pupil voice – communication skills (School Council Learning Passports – pupil EHCP reviews – QA pupil voice)	
	Teaching and Learning approaches	Emotional literacy skills Engagement in individual SEN Learning Passports	
	Holistic/ Multi-agency approach (Individual SEN Support Plans)	and home school contact such as TAF involvement CAMHS, Educational Psychologist. Self-regulation strategies linked to behaviour	
	Staff training	management, CPD training and staff meeting updates. Boxall profile Well-being cafes	
Targeted support	Wellbeing Interventions	1:1 sessions provided for identified pupils focusing on individual wellbeing outcomes. Small group sessions each week focusing on emotional wellbeing outcomes. Identified support linked to pupil premium Personalised differentiated learning opportunities.	
		Engagement in individual Pupil Premium Learning Passports	

Identified pupils will receive bespoke intervention packages delivered by trained staff who has undertaken relevant training in relation to the development of resilience through providing a secure basis, enhancing self – esteem and self - efficiency will underpin all interventions. Virtual School Heads in the LA will be made aware of information about all looked after children's' physical, emotional or mental health that may have an impact on his or her learning and educational progress, this will be indicated in their Personal Education Plan (PEP) and the school policy will be shared with the virtual school head, linked to the statutory guidance articulated in the DFE (2015) document.

Staff Identification

It is recognised at Ryecroft that promoting staff health and emotional well-being should be an integral part of the whole school approach to mental health and wellbeing. Therefore training and signposting to materials about mental health and emotional wellbeing will be made available for staff. An open door policy to senior leadership is always made available if staff is in need of speaking to someone about any issues of concern and a fully committed supportive governing body.

Staff with a specific, relevant responsibility:

Mrs T Evans – School Business Manager / Mental Health First Aider for Adults

Staff Wellbeing Support and Interventions

Whole School Approach	A senior leadership team and governing body committed to provide all staff with listening support in relation to emotional wellbeing and recognition of this within performance management / appraisal discussions. Work life Support and Flexibility for personal wellbeing appointments within school time. Staff Wellbeing champion who has received accredited Mental Health First Aider for Adults training	Open door policy Contactable governing body Information sharing from lead practitioners Posters/ leaflets Signposting to additional CPD courses	
Whole School offer	Emotional Wellbeing Staff meetings and Inset Days Our absence insurance provider also offers a confidential support service for all school employees and their immediate family members LA Confidential Counselling Service / YESS Free flu vouchers are made available to all staff Eye care vouchers available to identified DSE users	 Planned staff meeting with guest speakers from trained professionals. Occupational Therapy 	
Targeted support	Debriefing/support sessions for all staff working in classes for pupils with complex medical needs or challenging behaviour from the Head of School / Deputy Head Significant incidents – debriefing/counselling with a trained professional for all staff involved in a significant incident.		

Procedure for Concern in relation to mental health issues.

If a pupil chooses to disclose concerns about their own mental health or that of a friend to a member of staff, the member of staff's response should always be calm, supportive and non-judgmental.

Staff should listen, rather than advise and our first thoughts should be of the pupil's emotional and physical safety rather than of exploring 'Why?'

All disclosures should be recorded in line with other safeguarding concerns through the My Concern system. This electronic record should include:

- Date
- The name of the member of staff to whom the disclosure was made
- Main points from the conversation
- Any actions taken

This information should be shared with the Deputy Head / Safeguarding Lead and the Assistant SENCO / Well Being lead who will offer support and advice about next steps.

Confidentiality

We should be honest with regards to the issue of confidentiality. If we think it is necessary for us to pass our concerns about a pupil on then we should discuss with the child:

- Who we are going to talk to
- What we are going to tell them
- Why we need to tell them

Working with All Parents and Carers

Parents are often very welcoming of support and information from the school about supporting their children's emotional and mental health. In order to support parents we will:

- Highlight sources of information and support about common mental health issues.
- Ensure that all parents are aware of who they can to talk to, and how to get the support they need if they have concerns about their own child or a friend of their child.
- Make our mental health policy easily accessible to parents.
- Share ideas about how parents can support positive mental health in their children through our regular review meetings.
- Keep parents informed about the mental health topics their children are learning about in PSHCE and share ideas for extending and exploring this learning at home.

Staff Training and CPD

As a minimum, all staff will receive regular training about recognising and responding to mental health issues as part of their regular child protection training in order to enable them to keep students safe.

The **MindEd** <u>www.minded.org.uk</u> learning portal provides free online training suitable for staff wishing to know more about a specific issue. An alternative is: <u>www.mindkindinstitute.com</u>

Training opportunities for staff who require more in depth knowledge will be considered as part of our performance management process and additional CPD will be supported throughout the year where it becomes appropriate due to developing situations with one or more pupils. Where the need to do so becomes evident, we will host twilight training sessions for all staff to promote learning or understanding about specific issues related to mental health.

Suggestions for individual, group or whole school CPD should be discussed with the Head Teacher who can also highlight sources of relevant training and support for individuals as needed.

This policy will always be immediately updated to reflect personnel changes and legislation.

References

Bond (2014) Children and Young People with Disabilities – Understanding their Mental Health

DfE (2016) Counselling in Schools: a blueprint for the future

DfE (2016) Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools.

DfE (2015) Minimum Care Standards

DfE (2015) Promoting the health and well-being of looked-after children Statutory guidance for local authorities, clinical commissioning groups and NHS England

Department of Health (2014) Promoting emotional wellbeing and positive mental health of children and young people.

Public Health England (2014) The link between public health, wellbeing and attainment.

Public Health England (2015) Promoting children and young people's emotional health and wellbeing.

Tucknott M (2016) Mental Health and Behaviour in schools for Managers.

Mind Ed (n.d) www.minded.org.uk Accessed Online.

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022 Review Date: Spring 2024

V1.1

Appendix 1: Further information and sources of support about common mental health issues

Prevalence of Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing Issues

- 1 in 10 children and young people aged 5 16 suffer from a diagnosable mental health disorder that is around three children in every class.
- Between 1 in every 12 and 1 in 15 children and young people deliberately self-harm.
- There has been a big increase in the number of young people being admitted to hospital because of self-harm. Over the last ten years this figure has increased by 68%.
- More than half of all adults with mental health problems were diagnosed in childhood. Less than half were treated appropriately at the time.
- Nearly 80,000 children and young people suffer from severe depression.
- The number of young people aged 15-16 with depression nearly doubled between the 1980s and the 2000s.
- Over 8,000 children aged under 10 years old suffer from severe depression.
- 3.3% or about 290,000 children and young people have an anxiety disorder.
- 72% of children in care have behavioural or emotional problems these are some of the most vulnerable people in our society.

Below, I have sign-posted information and guidance about the issues most commonly seen in school-aged children. The links will take you through to the most relevant page of the listed website. Some pages are aimed primarily at parents but they are listed here because we think they are useful for school staff too.

Support on all of these issues can be accessed via Young Minds (www.youngminds.org.uk), Mind (www.mind.org.uk) and (for e-learning opportunities) Minded (www.minded.org.uk).

Self-harm

Self-harm describes any behaviour where a young person causes harm to themselves in order to cope with thoughts, feelings or experiences they are not able to manage in any other way. It most frequently takes the form of cutting, burning or non-lethal overdoses in adolescents, while younger children and young people with special needs are more likely to pick or scratch at wounds, pull out their hair or bang or bruise themselves.

Online support SelfHarm.co.uk: www.selfharm.co.uk National Self-Harm Network: www.nshn.co.uk

Books

- Pooky Knightsmith (2015) Self-Harm and Eating Disorders in Schools: A Guide to Whole School Support and Practical Strategies. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers Keith Hawton and Karen Rodham (2006) By Their Own Young Hand: Deliberate Self-harm and Suicidal Ideas in Adolescents. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers
- Carol Fitzpatrick (2012) A Short Introduction to Understanding and Supporting Children and Young People Who Self-Harm. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022 Review Date: Spring 2024

V1.1

Depression

Ups and downs are a normal part of life for all of us, but for someone who is suffering from

depression these ups and downs may be more extreme. Feelings of failure, hopelessness,

numbness or sadness may invade their day-to-day life over an extended period of weeks or

months, and have a significant impact on their behaviour and ability and motivation to engage in

day-to-day activities.

Online support

Depression Alliance: www.depressionalliance.org/information/what-depression

Books

Christopher Dowrick and Susan Martin (2015) Can I Tell you about Depression?: A

guide for friends, family and professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Anxiety, panic attacks and phobias

Anxiety can take many forms in children and young people, and it is something that each of us

experiences at low levels as part of normal life. When thoughts of anxiety, fear or panic are

repeatedly present over several weeks or months and/or they are beginning to impact on a young

person's ability to access or enjoy day-to-day life, intervention is needed.

Online support

Anxiety UK: www.anxietyuk.org.uk

Books

Lucy Willetts and Polly Waite (2014) Can I Tell you about Anxiety?: A guide for friends,

family and professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Carol Fitzpatrick (2015) A Short Introduction to Helping Young People Manage Anxiety.

London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Obsessions and compulsions

Obsessions describe intrusive thoughts or feelings that enter our minds which are disturbing or

upsetting; compulsions are the behaviours we carry out in order to manage those thoughts or

feelings. For example, a young person may be constantly worried that their house will burn down if

they don't turn off all switches before leaving the house. They may respond to these thoughts by

repeatedly checking switches, perhaps returning home several times to do so. Obsessive

compulsive disorder (OCD) can take many forms – it is not just about cleaning and checking.

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022

Review Date: Spring 2024

11

Online support

OCD UK: www.ocduk.org/ocd

Books

- Amita Jassi and Sarah Hull (2013) Can I Tell you about OCD?: A guide for friends, family and professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers
- Susan Conners (2011) The Tourette Syndrome & OCD Checklist: A practical reference for parents and teachers. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass

Suicidal feelings

Young people may experience complicated thoughts and feelings about wanting to end their own lives. Some young people never act on these feelings though they may openly discuss and explore them, while other young people die suddenly from suicide apparently out of the blue.

Online support

- Prevention of young suicide UK PAPYRUS: <u>www.papyrus-uk.org</u>
- On the edge: Child Line spotlight report on suicide: <u>www.nspcc.org.uk/preventingabuse/research- and-resources/on-the-edge-childline-spotlight/</u>

Books

- Keith Hawton and Karen Rodham (2006) By Their Own Young Hand: Deliberate Selfharm and Suicidal Ideas in Adolescents. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers
- Terri A.Erbacher, Jonathan B. Singer and Scott Poland (2015) Suicide in Schools: A
 Practitioner's Guide to Multi-level Prevention, Assessment, Intervention, and Postvention.
 New York: Routledge

Eating problems

Food, weight and shape may be used as a way of coping with, or communicating about, difficult thoughts, feelings and behaviours that a young person experiences day to day. Some young people develop eating disorders such as anorexia (where food intake is restricted), binge eating disorder and bulimia nervosa (a cycle of bingeing and purging). Other young people, particularly those of primary or preschool age, may develop problematic behaviours around food including refusing to eat in certain situations or with certain people. This can be a way of communicating messages the child does not have the words to convey.

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022

Review Date: Spring 2024

Online support

- Beat the eating disorders charity: www.b-eat.co.uk/about-eating-disorders
- Eating Difficulties in Younger Children and when to worry:
 www.inourhands.com/eatingdifficulties- in-younger-children

Books

- Bryan Lask and Lucy Watson (2014) Can I tell you about Eating Disorders? A Guide for Friends, Family and Professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers
- Pooky Knightsmith (2015) Self-Harm and Eating Disorders in Schools: A Guide to Whole School Support and Practical Strategies. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers Pooky Knightsmith (2012) Eating Disorders Pocketbook

Signed on Behalf of the Governing Body:		
Chair	Date	

Approved by Governors: Spring 2022

Review Date: Spring 2024